



#### PRACTICAL WAYS STUDENTS CAN LOOK AFTER THEIR MENTAL HEALTH EACH DAY



Wake up and deep breathing



Write down 3 things you are grateful for





Engage in a thought diary



Write down a list of your







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know how you are feeling



Engage in something you are good at



Surround



Eat a well



Do something



Keep yourself active throughout



Get a good nights sleep



Close your eyes and imagine being in a safe place











Catch up with a



Practise some



senses to engage with an activity



Practise some progressive





Practise



relaxing walk



Identify your



Remind yourself of your



Identify a list of strengths



Identify how



present. Stay in the here and



Volunteer at a



Engage in some





Take a break from what you are doing

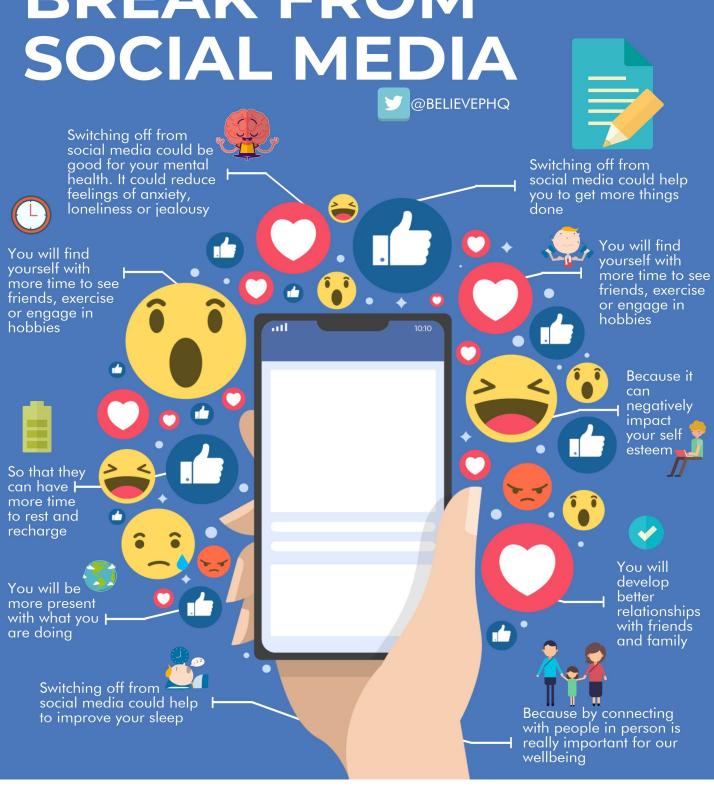


Practise self care (E.g. have



Assess your feelings each morning when you wake up





#### 10 THINGS STUDENTS CAN DO TO BOOST

#### THEIR

#### MENTAL HEALTH



#### Mind and Body

Look after your body as well as your mind. Eat a well balanced diet, keep hydrated and get into a regular sleep pattern



#### Exercise

Engage in regular exercise.
Find a sport or activity
that you enjoy. Exercise is a
great tool for improving
mood and reducing stress
and anxiety



#### Organisation

Manage your time effectively. Stay organised and on top of things. This will help to reduce pressure



#### Self Care

Practice self care. Make sure to look after yourself. Relax, smile, have a bath, go for a walk and do something you enjoy



Don't be afraid to talk to someone about how you are feeling. Talk to your friends, family or teachers.





#### **Breathing**

Learn how to breathe effectively. Practice a number of techniques and find what works for you: ratio breathing, deep breathing, progressive muscle relaxation



#### Write down

Write down how you feeling or what you are thinking. This can be a really simple way to understand what is going on within your mind and body



#### Challenge

Try to challenge your thinking. If you experience an unhelpful thought try and turn it into a helpful thought



#### Check in

Regularly check in with yourself. Monitor your emotions and mood

#### Problem solve

Learn how to problem solve effectively. When you experience a problem try and write down a number of solutions.





### 9 WAYS CHILDREN CAN BE BRAVE AND LOOK AFTER THEIR MENTAL HEALTH



If you are struggling don't be afraid to talk to someone



Try not to keep things bottled up. Talk to someone about your feelings



Work each day on building your mental fitness (E.g breathing techniques)



Embrace challenges which you have coming up



Look after yourself and make sure to apply lots of self care (Mindfulness)



Express how you are feeling or thinking to a friend, family member or teacher



Know when to stop. If things become too much give yourself a break



Don't be afraid to ask for help



It's okay to not feel okay. Try not to fight the feelings and talk to someone











# 10 THINGS CHILDREN CAN DO AT HOME TO HELP THEM COPE WITH ANXIETY



Get a pen and paper and write down what you are thinking and feeling. This can be a useful technique to express yourself and get things off your mind



If you feel anxious breathe in for a count of three, then breathe out for a count of three. Get into a slow and steady rhythm



Talk to your family about how you are feeling. Don't be afraid to talk about negative thoughts or emotions



Focus your attention on something else. Try and fully concentrate on an activity that you are doing

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If you are worried write down all the solutions to your problem. Come up with an action plan with your parents to overcome the problem



When you feel anxious close your eyes and imagine yourself in a calm and happy place



Tear up a number of pieces of paper and write down activities you can do that will help you manage your anxiety. Put these activities into a jar and each time you feel anxious pull an activity out of the jar to start engaging with









EVERYBODY FEELS THAT WAY SOMETIMES.

WE DON'T LIKE IT, BUT IT DOESN'T MAKE US WEAK. IT MAKES US

## HUMAN.

AND IT HELPS TO TALK ABOUT IT.

## EVEN SUPER SKILLS

TO HELP A FRIEND IN NEED



#### CALMNES

**COMFORTS YOUR** FRIEND IN A TIME OF A NEED





#### **HONESTY**

**ENCOURAGES** YOUR COMPADRE TO TRUST YOU



**NON-JUDGMENTAL** ATTITUDE CREATES A SAFE SPACE FOR YOUR CHUM



SHOWS THAT YOU REALLY CARE



#### RESOURCEFULNESS

**GIVES YOUR BUDDY** IDEAS ON WHERE TO GET HELP



#### REASSURING

MAKES YOUR AMIGO FEEL LIKE THINGS ARE GOING TO BE OK



#### **ENCOURAGING**



HELPS YOUR MATE GET HELP AND SUPPORT

www.MentalHealthFirstAid.org

Created by the National Council for Behavioral Health, 2016

## HOW TO SUPPORT A STUDENT WHO IS FEELING LOW



Take the time to listen to what they have to say. Be attentive, patient and understanding



Encourage them to seek support from their parents, a doctor or a school counsellor





Support them to set some simple short term goals which they can achieve. This will help to boost confidence



Encourage them to talk about how they are feeling and what they are thinking. Make sure they are doing this with the right people



Encourage them to engage in some activities that provide them with a sense of pleasure and achievement



Work with them to find opportunities where they can connect with friends and family. Connectedness boosts self esteem and reduces anxiety



Support them to challenge unhelpful thoughts by looking at the evidence for and against their unhelpful beliefs



Make sure they are looking after their physical health. Eating a well balanced diet and getting plenty of sleep



Encourage them to build a mental health support network of people they can talk to and go to for help



Identify some mood boosting activities they can slowly and gently start to take part in. Exercise is a great place to start

### 9 WAYS STUDENTS

CAN GET READY AND FOCUSED

## FOR THEIR DAY

#### BREATHE 4

Start your morning by spending some time to slow down and breathe. This is great for reducing any stress or anxiety you may be experiencing



Make sure you eat a nutritious breakfast to keep you fuelled for the morning

#### ORGANISE

Get organised. This can be done the night before. Pack your bag and make sure you have everything you need for your day



Spend a few moments to identify some goals you want to achieve from the day

#### STRENGTHS

Remind yourself of all your strengths and how you will use them throughout the

#### CONNECT

Think about people you need to connect with during the day (Friends, teachers)

#### **STRESS**

Write down any stress or worries and spend a moment to challenge unhelpful thinking patterns



Look over and review your timetable so you can be in the best possible shape to be ready for what you have coming up in the day

#### PRESENT

Stay focused on the present moment and what you need to achieve in the here and now



### 



Create a schedule



Make time for yourself



Get yourself in a routine



Write down goals



Have scheduled breaks



Avoid procrastination



Stick to your plan



Allow time for fun activities



Make a to



Study in a regular pattern



Work when you are at your best



Exercise to relieve stress



Reward yourself Ke when you complete a something



Keep stress to a minimum



Work a set number of hours a day



Don't panic if you fall behind

## 10 WAYS STUDENTS CAN BOOST THEIR



Exercise, eat well, stay hydrated. Healthy body = healthy mind



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MENTAL FITNESS



Schedule time into your week to practice some relaxation



Identify your strengths and think about how you can use them each day



Take a moment to slow down what you are doing and breathe



Find opportunities throughout your week to connect with close friends and family members



When you experience worry engage in some problem solving



Regularly monitor and assess how you are feeling



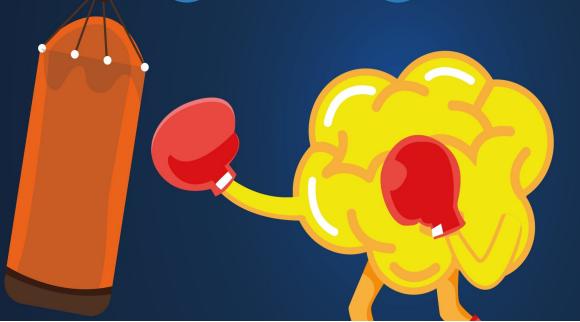
Find a coping skill that you can exercise



Invest time in building your confidence



Be ready for key moments and events that you have coming



## HOW TO BUILD YOUR EXAM CONFIDENCE



Review recent successes and what you can learn from them



Visualise yourself performing well



Remind yourself of your achievements



Make sure you are physically well prepared



Invest time and energy into building your confidence



Develop a good support network who can help to build your confidence



Identify positive thoughts you war to be thinking



Focus on the things that you can control



Focus on identifying process goals you want to achieve



Get regular feedback from teachers



Think about how you can use your strengths leading up to an exam



Identify a list of all of your strengths



Practise some mock exams under exam conditions



# RESILIENT STUDENT

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#### **MINDSET**

See resilience as something you can work hand build on. Adopt a proactive mindset

#### FAILURE |-

Don't be afraid to fail. See them as opportunities to grown and develop

#### PROBLEM SOLVE

Work on developing your problem solving skills so you can adapt and come up with solutions when faced with a problem

#### **COMFORT ZONE**

Push yourself out your comfort zone. Adopt a challenge mindset and be explorative

#### **RELATIONSHIPS**

Build positive relationships with family, friends and teachers. Use their support.

#### THOUGHTS +

Identify and challenge unhelpful thoughts

#### **SETBACKS**

Resilience can be developed from setbacks but only if you do the right things to use those experiences helpfully

REFLECT

Reflect on experiences and try to put things in perspective

#### **COPING SKILLS**

Develop your coping strategies to help you deal more effectively with stress, pressure and anxiety

#### **HOW CAN EXERCISE IMPROVE** ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE

@BelievePHQ

#### IMPROVED PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS

Improved concentration

Improved attention

Improved coping

**Improved** 

leadership

skills









**Increased** brain tissue volume



Improved executive functioning



Increased memory



Improved executive functioning

- REDUCED STRESS, DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY
- IMPROVED COGNITIVE **FUCNITONING**



INCREASED RETENTION OF NEW INFORMATION



## 10 TECHNIQUES ATHLETES CAN USE AT HOME TO MANAGE STRESS @BELIEVEPHQ





Find an activity which you can engage with and try being present with it by using all your senses



Progressive muscle relaxation can be used to relieve muscle tension which you might be experiencing



A thought diary can be a useful way to write down what you are thinking and how you are feeling



Identify times in the past where you have coped well with stress and use those as positive experiences to move you forward



Deep breathing is a useful technique to help reduce physiological and psychological arousal



Scheduling activities into a weekly planner can help bring back a sense of control and reduce stress



Problem solving is a great way to manage worries and find solutions to a problem



Breathe slowly, close your eyes and imagine vourself in a relaxing and peaceful place



Identify self care activities which bring you a sense of calm and relaxation (reading a book, having a bath, talking to a friend)



Identifying thinking errors can be used as a technique to identify negative thinking patterns

# AWareness

#### Writing Ideas for Kids

- Do you ever struggle with your own mental health? How does that make you feel?
- Do you know people who talk openly about their mental health? How does this impact you?
- · Why is there such a stigma around mental health problems?
- People do lots of things to improve their physical health—but less to take care of their mental health. Why do you think this is?
- People see doctors for their bodies with no shame. Should they be embarrassed to see a doctor for their minds? Why or why not?
- What are some signs that someone may be struggling with their mental health?
- What would you do if you suspected a friend was depressed?
- What would you do if a friend told you they were going to hurt themselves?
- Why do people say that suicide is "a permanent solution to a temporary problem"? What does this mean?
- · Are non-lethal forms of self-harm dangerous? Why?
- Why are some groups of people at a higher risk of mental health problems like depression?
- Why is it important for people to prioritize their mental health?
- What is one thing you could do on a regular basis that would be good for your mental health?
- Why is telling a depressed person to "just try to be happy" equivalent to telling someone with a broken leg to "just try to walk"?
- Why is it beneficial for people with mental health issues to hear from others who experience the same things?
- How can you best support someone who is struggling with his or her mental health?
- Who could you turn to if you were struggling with your own mental health?
- Would you ever consider seeing a therapist? Why or why not?
- Could therapy be beneficial for people who do not have issues with their mental health? Why or why not?
- How could our school better support students who struggle with their mental health?
- What does it mean for someone to have a "safe space"? How could this be beneficial to a person's mental health?

Journal Buddies.com